

Summary of Debriefing Sessions with Dr. Velji  
March 19, 2014 at 2:30 pm & 7:00 pm

- Various representatives of Schlegel Villages, Riverside Glen management and staff, families and residents attended these sessions.
- Introduction of Dr. Karima Velji by Matt Drown (Human Resources, Schlegel Villages Inc.)
- this is an external review
- Dr. Velji was hired by Schlegels

Dr. Velji:

- purpose of debriefings is to highlight
  - objectives
  - methods
  - themes of discussions
  - “preliminary” recommendations (emphasis on preliminary)
- Schlegels fulfilling the “vision” of integration of primary care with seniors' care.
- many concerns expressed with location of medical clinic
  - breach of privacy
  - breach of zoning
  - negative impacts on spaces for residents
    - parking
    - traffic
    - resident common space
- many similar concerns expressed with location of college
  - impacts of students on issues above
- other previous reviews have taken place to address infection control for home and college students
- zoning applications to city to address changes to entrance and HVAC

Review objectives

- focused on understanding and giving recommendations on resident and family engagement
- how and why did the situation escalate
- Final report will be given to Schlegels in 2-3 weeks with final recommendations
- Create an action plan to rebuild trust

## Methods

### 1. Interviews

- Focus groups with 2 groups
  - Leadership team = 4 people
  - Family Council = 8 people
- Individual interviews with 22 people
  - Family = 9
  - Residents = 7
  - Staff = 8 (2 front line/care staff, 6 management)
- daily debriefing sessions with the leadership team
- resident demographics:
  - 137 women, 57 men
  - average age: women 84.7 years, men 78 years
  - average length of stay: women 2.5 years, men 2.1 years

### 2. Document review (Quality of care and complaints)

- analysis of the procedures for resolution and consideration of concerns, and satisfaction analysis
- examination of many documents
  - resident Quality of Life Surveys
  - RQI (Resident Quality Inspection) results
  - Accreditation Survey reports (CARF)
  - LTC home policies and procedures
  - Resident Council and Family Council minutes
  - Issues management
  - chronology of concerns raised

Vision of “community integration” is best practice

## Results

### 1. Document Review

- CARF accreditation:
  - November 2011
  - three year accreditation, highest level of accreditation
  - leaders in 22/24 indicators
- RAI-MDS (Resident Assessment Instrument/Minimum Data Set)
  - this is the evaluation of the quality of care (required data /RQI)

- reviewed data trends for 2011-2013
- there are 35 standard indicators
- 22/35 are better than provincial average (includes less use of resident restraints, management of pressure ulcers).. generally okay care
- worst results:
  - delerium
  - infection control
  - pain control

## -Quality of Life Surveys

- 66 surveys
- 77% would recommend home to others “most of the time” or “always” (this is an average result)

## 2. Interviews

- families don't agree with conversion of home to include research, education and primary care
- Dr. Velji's comment: “the vision is sound, but how it has been enacted is the primary issue”
- Themes discussed by families & residents:

### 1. “Vision”

- we are sick of hearing about it
- stop selling the vision.... show us how this benefits the residents
- benefits must be without loss of rights for the residents
- there is a lack of congruence between the Schlegel vision and how families and residents see it
- there is not a shared understanding/appreciation
- some say integration of college and primary care would be fine if it is adjacent to the home, not embedded in the home
- must ensure that resident care and rights are number one before “innovations” are introduced
- primary concern was about how the “vision” was executed

### 2. Front line care

- many spoke glowingly about PSWs and RPNs and empathized with their workload
- generally pleased with full time care staff
- displeased with part time and agency staff

- the care is worse with “strange staff” on duty
- there needs to be more consistency of care
- too much agency staff especially evenings and weekends
- there are issues with recruitment and retention of staff

### 3. Leadership

- the trust is broken between management and families and residents
- it should be a collaborative relationship, it is not
- there is a feeling that all of the direction comes from the top of the organization and management has no authority/power
- there are too many layers of management
- management should decrease and the number of care staff should increase
- when concerns are raised with one individual, they “pass the buck”
- management must be streamlined to solve issues
- too much of the management's attention goes towards the health centre
- the response to problems is reactive not proactive
- many said that they no longer go to management with their concerns, they go straight to the ministry (MOHLTC) or public health (WDGPH)

### 4. Health Centre

- lack of congruence in communication regarding clinic
- Schlegels claim: we always told them what it would be
- residents & families: how it was proposed is not how it is now
- it doesn't serve loved-ones/residents... only the community at large, there is no benefit
- we were told it would care for the residents
- instead it is a primary care clinic
- Dr. Velji's comment: the location of the clinic is a lightning rod
  - ”you have put the health centre in the sitting room of my loved-one's home.... this is a home”
  - this has caused major concerns for privacy, infection control, resident rights, infringement of common space and parking problems
  - the rules have been “bent”, this is an illegal entity
  - communications have been handled poorly
  - residents and families were not consulted about the function of the health centre

## 5. College

- lack of congruence in communication regarding college
- original vision was for clinical placements
- most families and residents are in favour of student placements
- now there are impacts on common space and parking
- visitors have had to leave because of the absence of parking on the site
- some say that the primary issue is the Health Centre and the College is secondary

Dr. Velji: how do we rekindle the trust?

- a long term care organization is a “Home” and includes families and residents
- when the relationship deteriorates it is bad for the residents and “they pay for it”
- people want this to be over
- some family members say they stopped going to Family Council because this issue dominated the agenda

Question to families and residents:

If you could write one recommendation in this report what would it be?

- owners should meet with everyone and apologize and start being truthful
- with draw the zoning by-law and official plan amendments
- the “vision” should be in partnership with families and residents
- remove the clinic and classrooms, then start over again
- integration only if they are adjacent to the home, not embedded
- we need leadership that responds to concerns, accountable leadership
- increase the number of PSWs
- increase family and resident engagement and communications, make the communication two way not one way

The manner in which the “Vision” is being instituted is a problem

The primary issue is the location of the Medical Clinic and its function

Number one is resident well-being... first and foremost.

## Preliminary Recommendations

### 1. Keeping promises

- the current location is not ideal
- this needs to be a shared “vision” between the organization and families
- Management: your vision for the future is irrelevant, you must incorporate functions for the residents now. (chiropractic, dental, physio, massage)
- Delineate a role for Dr. Spadafora: those in the clinic space should also attend to residents for assessments/examinations when there is an incident that may require transportation to hospital
- there must be coherent and quick solutions regarding common space and parking spaces.... residents and visitors should come first.

### 2. Leadership

- implement visibility of management
- give management the authority to carry out decisions and act on assessments of concerns
- assessment of complaints procedures: documentation is well done, creation of action plan is good, but there are no closure dates or record of satisfaction of the complainant
- Whoever receives a complaint should look after it, then there should be follow up to see if the complainant is satisfied with the solution

### 3. Communication and Engagement

- ”nothing about me without me”
- families and residents must be consulted
- there will be less problems if management are “up front”
- need to be more proactive
- this home had a lot of engaged families relative to other long term care homes, this should be an advantage
- families and residents could be leaders in Quality Improvement initiatives
- Family Council needs to rebalance its priorities and increase its emphasis on resident care.
- There needs to be a quality of life survey for Families

The Final report will be sent to the management in 2-3 weeks

Question from a family member:

Will we get to see the final report?

Answers from Paul Brown:

- After the report is received we are willing to share the path forward, in a gesture of truth and transparency

- then we will make an action plan

- there will be consultation with residents' council to get ideas and suggestions

Promise: to give residents and families a copy of the report

- There is no regulatory oversight of this report (no involvement of MOHLTC, WDGPH)

Promise: to share report with MOHLTC and WDGPH

Dr. Velji: at Baycrest uses are not embedded, they are on the main floor with access from outside and attached to hospital and long term care home.